Introduction to LON-CAPA



Overview

LON-CAPA is a system for

- Course Management, for example:
 - posting materials
 - discussions
 - announcements
 - grade book
- Learning Content Management, for example:
 - storing online content for re-usage
 - managing access rights
- Assessment, for example:
 - Homework
 - Tests

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- Course Management, for example:
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- Assessment, for example:
 - Homework
 - Tests

Many people know LON-CAPA only for this!

Overview

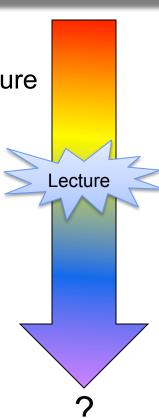
- I will start with assessment
- I will then hopefully show you why the other components are useful

Assessment

- Assessment: Feedback to learners and instructors
- Formative assessment:
 - Students can keep track of their own learning
 - Students do not fall behind
 - Instructors keep track of their students' learning
 - can adapt the teaching to the learning
- Summative assessment: exams
 - Technology allows for frequent exams

Assessment

- Pre-Class Questions
 - Students being prepared for lecture
 - Just-In-Time Teaching
- In-Class Questions
 - Clickers
- Post-Class Questions
 - Homework
 - Online Discussions, Helprooms
 - Exams
- Does this even work?
- How is this realistically possible?
 - That's where course and learning content management come in!



Students being prepared for lecture

Just-In-Time Teaching

Gerd Kortemeyer (No Role, Cumulative Privileges)

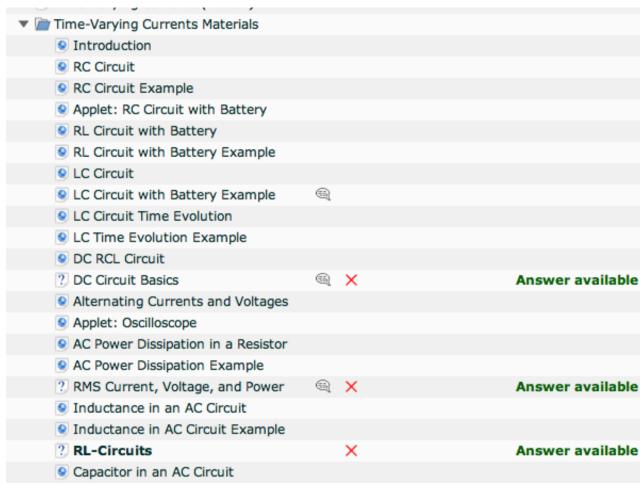
Main Menu |

Menu » User Roles

Show all roles (Update display)

| | User Role | Extent | Start | End |
|--------|-----------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Construction | Space | |
| Select | | Domain: nds Server: vita.sonia.de | Tue May 11 12:13:40 am 2010 (CEST) | |
| | | | | |
| | | Course | | |
| Select | | Your Test Course Syllabus Domain:nds | | |
| | | | | |
| Select | | LB271, Fall 2008 - Intro Calculus-Based Physics I $\underline{\mbox{Syllabus}}$ Section: guest | Sun Aug 24 06:00:00 am 2008 (CEST) | Tue Dec 14 05:59:59 am 2010 (CET) |
| | | | | |
| | specified | | | Currently selected. |

- Easy
 questions
 embedded
 into
 content
- Due before lecture



- Make sure students read materials
- Questions can be answered just based on the readings
- Students come prepared

Which of the following statements are true?

False: In a circuit consisting of an AC voltage source and a resistor, the dissipated power is proportional to the current.

True: In a circuit consisting of an AC voltage source and a resistor, the voltage drop across the resistor and the voltage source are in phase.

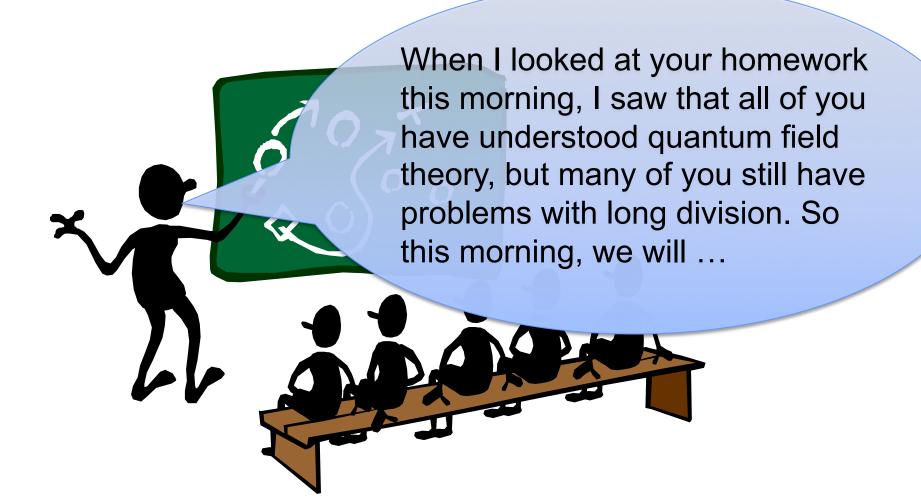
True: The rms-voltage is proportional to the maximum AC-voltage.

True: In a circuit with a capacitor and inductance in series (no resistance), if the capacitor is initially charged, an un-damped harmonic oscillation takes place.

Computer's answer now shown above. Tries 0/6

Just-In-Time

Adapt lecture to student difficulties



Just-In-Time

Course Action Items

Gerd Kortemeyer Course Coordinator LBS 272 - Spring 2006

LBS 272 - Spring 2006->Display Action 14

What's New?

Go to first resource

Page set to be displayed after you have

Discussions

tly: What's New? page (user preference) Change for just this course or for all your courses.

Hide all Show all

| Problems requiring hand | grading | <u>Hide</u> |
|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Problem Name Num | | nber ungraded |
| Electric Field | | 4 |
| Problems wi Diffic | cult problems | <u>Hide</u> |
| | No problems with & | |

| | | attempts ≥ 3 | | • | 0.8 | <u>Hide</u> |
|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|------------|----------------|
| and total | number (| of students w | ith submiss | 310HS ≥ 4 | | |
| | | | | | Chan | ge thresholds? |
| Resource | Part | Num. students | Av. Attempts | Deg. Diff | Last Reset | Reset Count? |
| Field Lines | single part | 24 | 2.12 | 0.84 | | |
| Net Force | single part | 53 | 2.49 | 0.80 | | |
| Pith Balls | single part | 52 | 4.12 | 0.90 | | \Box |
| | | | | | Reset o | ounters to 0 |

| Resources in course wit | th version changes since las | | Hide ange interval? |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| Resource | Last revised | New version | Version used |
| Applet: Electron Orbit | Fri Jan 13 10:18:52 2006 (EST) | 10 | 10 |
| Canacitance of a Sphere | Mon Jan 16 12:03:13 2006 | 8 | 8 |

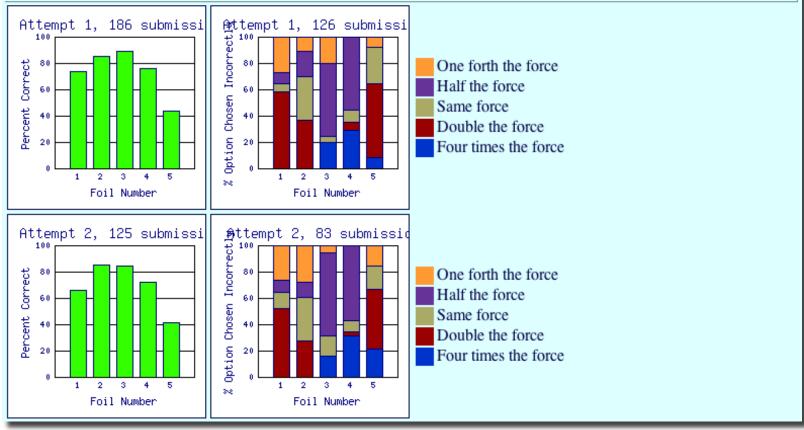
| Unread course | Unread course discussion posts <u>Hide</u> | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|---------------------|--|--|
| | | | Change options? | | |
| Location | Type | Time of last post | Number of new posts | | |
| Coulomb | Resource | last Monday, Jan 16 at 04:55 pm (EST) | 1 | | |
| Distance Change | Resource | last Monday, Jan 16 at 07:00 pm (EST) | 1 | | |
| Field Lines | Resource | last Monday, Jan 16 at 07:49 pm (EST) | 1 | | |
| Force | Resource | on Wednesday, Jan 11 at 07:01 pm (EST) | 3 | | |
| Net Force | Resource | 23 hours, 19 minutes ago | 5 | | |
| Pith Balls | Resource | last Monday, Jan 16 at 09:21 pm (EST) | 6 | | |
| Point P | Resource | last Friday, Jan 13 at 02:34 pm (EST) | 5 | | |
| Potential | Resource | last Sunday, Jan 15 at 03:15 pm (EST) | 1 | | |
| Two Charges | Resource | last Sunday, Jan 15 at 03:26 pm (EST) | 1 | | |
| Vector | Resource | last Saturday, Jan 14 at 01:32 am (EST) | 1 | | |
| Vectors | Resource | last Saturday, Jan 14 at 12:09 pm (EST) | 2 | | |

| New co | urse messages | | <u>Hide</u> |
|--------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|
| Number | Subject | Sender | Date/Time |
| 1. | Feedback [msu/mmp/kap18/problems/cd460.problem] | @msu | Sat Jan 14 10:45:02 2006 (EST) |

| Ne | w critical messages in course | <u>Hide</u> |
|----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| | No unread critical messages in course | |

Just-In-Time

| Foil Number | Foil Name | Foil Text | Correct Value |
|-------------|-----------|---|----------------------|
| 1 | 1_6_1_1_2 | The distance between the two charges is cut in half. | Four times the force |
| 2 | 1_6_1_2_2 | The magnitude of both charges is doubled. | Four times the force |
| 3 | 1_6_1_3_2 | The magnitude of one of the two charges is doubled. | Double the force |
| 4 | 1_6_1_4_2 | The distance between the charges is doubled. | One forth the force |
| 5 | 1_6_1_5_2 | The charges are placed in a medium with a factor two higher permittivity. | Half the force |



In-Class Questions

Clickers

Doesn't he get that we don't get it?

Yawn!

That's clear – no, wait ...

Looks like everybody but me understands this!



I wonder what's for lunch

- RF devices
- One per student
- Students can answer questions during lecture



Lecture progress depends on voting

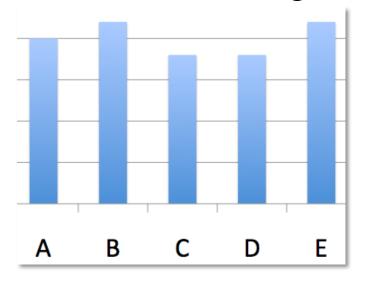
outcome

Explain again

Go on

Let students discuss

and vote again

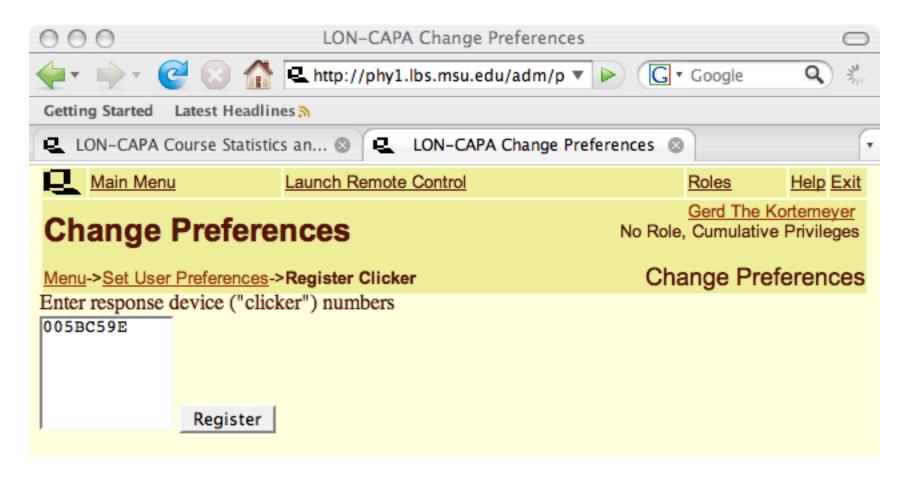




Peer-Instruction

- Students can sometimes explain concepts better than us to their peers
 - We have forgotten what we initially struggled with
- Students learn while explaining

Students register in LON-CAPA



Give credit for correct and for incorrect

Answers Amain Menu Return to Last Location Navigate Contents

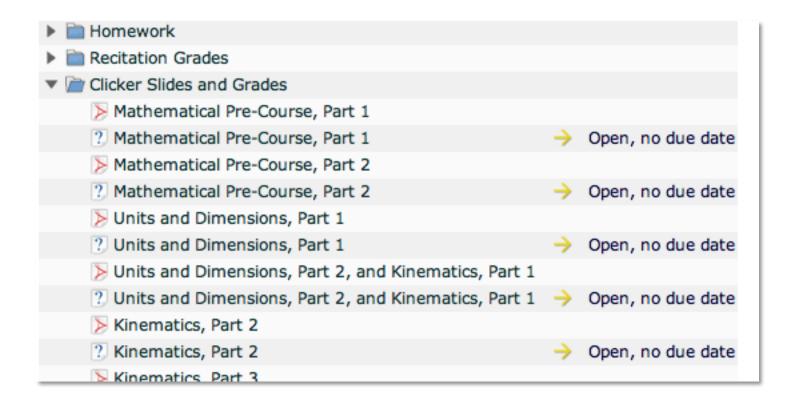
Grading (msu_8p96131ebae7b47b8msul1 ss08lbs272)

Current Resource: Mon, Mar 10th

Part: 0 score Type: numerical

| Specify a file containing the clicker information for this resource. | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Choose File MonMar10thA.csv | | | |
| Type: i>clicker ‡ | | | |
| Award points just for participation | | | |
| ○ Correctness determined from response by course personnel | | | |
| Correctness determined from response with clicker ID(s) | | | |
| Percentage points for correct solution: 100 | | | |
| Percentage points for incorrect solution: 60 | | | |
| Upload File | | | |

Embedded in course, alongside slides



Post-Class Questions

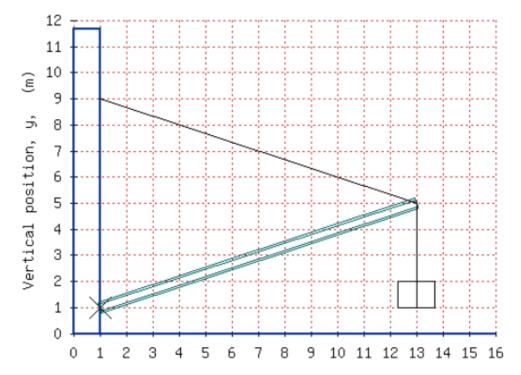
Homework

Helprooms

Exams

More sophisticated highly randomizing problems

A crate with a mass of 155.5 kg is suspended from the end of a uniform boom with mass of 89.5 kg. The upper end of the boom is supported by a cable attached to the wall and the lower end by a pivot (marked X) on the same wall. Calculate the tension in the cable.



- ...special emphasis on math
 - including support of
 - LaTeX
 - Maxima
 - R

Give an example of a function

1. which is orthogonal to $6 \cdot \cos(7 \cdot x) - 2 \cdot \sin(2 \cdot x)$ with respect to the scalar product

$$\langle g \mid h \rangle = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} dx \ g(x) \cdot h(x)$$

2. whose norm is 1.

cos(2x)+sin(7x)

The function you have provided does not have a norm of one.

Submit Answer Incorrect, Tries 1

What is the derivative of

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 t^3 \\ 8 t^8 \end{pmatrix}$$

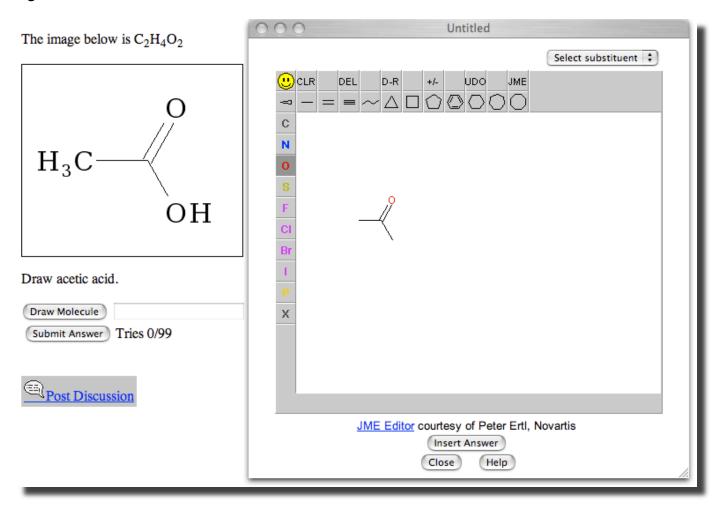
with respect to t? $4t^2,8t^7$

You need to multiply with the original exponent.

Submit Answer

Incorrect, Tries 1

· ... chemistry ...

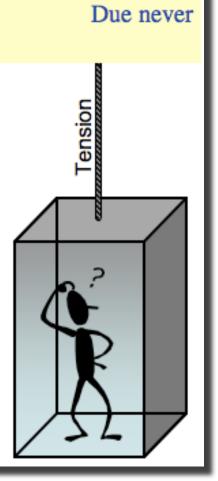


... physical units ...

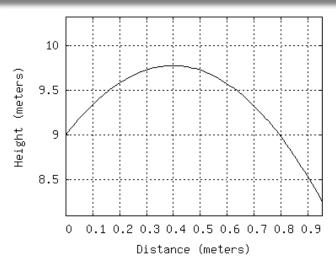
Elevator Problem

An elevator (cabin mass 500 kg) is designed for a maximum load of 2600 kg, and to reach a velocity of 3 m/s in 5 s. For this scenario, what is the tension the elevator rope has to withstand? 32270 kg*m/s^2

Submit Answer Tries 0/99



Online Discussions



Discussions

Encouraged, since all students have different versions.

Again: Peer-Instruction.

The plot shows the trajectory (height versus distance) of an object launched at an angle of 75.6 degrees. What was the initial speed of the object? **4.0 m/s**Computer's answer now shown above. Tries 0/12

Threaded View Chronological View Sorting/Filtering options Export?

Anonymous 1 (Fri Sep 22 01:26:29 2006 (EDT))

any hints to start?

Re: Anonymous 2 (Fri Sep 22 01:56:48 2006 (EDT))

You need to find the Y component of velocity... you can do this by finding the height traveled (notice it does not start on the ground) and combining that with acceleration in a kinematics equation. From there use trig to get the original velocity.

Re: Re: Anonymous 1 (Fri Sep 22 12:10:37 2006 (EDT))

how can we find the height traveled and how can we get the acceleration if we don't have the time?

Anonymous 3 (Fri Sep 22 16:41:27 2006 (EDT))

i'm lost on this one... can anyone help?

Re: Anonymous 4 (Fri Sep 22 20:02:45 2006 (EDT))

Use the squared kinematics equation - so $Vf^2 = Vi^2 + 2a$ (Xf-Xi).

Helprooms

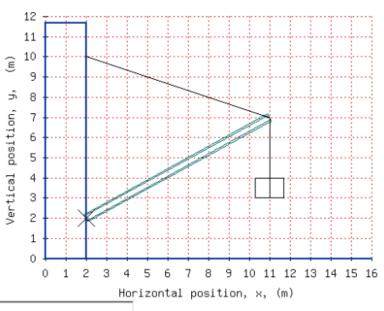
Staffed
 with
 Learning
 Assistants
 in the
 evenings



Collaborative learning space, peer instruction

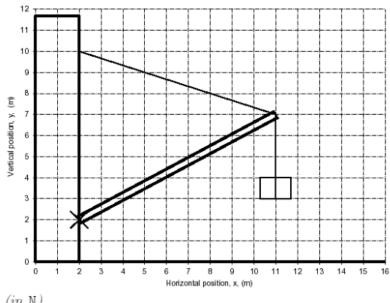
- Problems can also be rendered for bubble sheets
- Each student has a different exam

A crate with a mass of 177.5 kg is suspended from the end of a uniform boom with mass of 88.5 kg. The upper end of the boom is supported by a cable attached to the wall and the lower end by a pivot (marked X) on the same wall. Calculate the tension in the cable.



Submit Answer

1 pt A crate with a mass of 177.5 kg is suspended from the end of a uniform boom with mass of 88.5 kg. The upper end of the boom is supported by a cable attached to the wall and the lower end by a pivot (marked X) on the same wall. Calculate the tension in the cable.



(in N)

22. A
$$\bigcirc$$
 2.58×10³ B \bigcirc 2.92×10³ D \bigcirc 3.72×10³ E \bigcirc 4.21×10³ G \bigcirc 5.37×10³ H \bigcirc 6.07×10³

 3.29×10^{3}

CODE - AACHDA LB 271 - Introductory Physics Lecture Version A

Name:

LB271 Fall 2009 Final Exam Version A

| Gravitational Accellera- tion on Earth | $g = 9.81m/s^2$ |
|---|--|
| | |
| Gravitational Constant | $G = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} m^3 / (kg \cdot s^2)$ |
| Absolute Zero | -273.15°C |
| Gas Constant | $R = 8.31 J/(K \cdot mol)$ |
| Boltzmann Constant | $k = 1.38 \cdot 10^{-25} J/K$ |
| Avogadro's number | $N_A = 6.02 \cdot 10^{23}$ parti- cles/mol |
| Specific heat of water va- | $c_{\text{Vapor}} = 0.48kcal/(kg \cdot K)$ |
| por | |
| Specific heat of liquid wa- | $c_{\text{water}} = 1kcal/(kg \cdot K)$ |
| ter | $=4186J/(kg \cdot K)$ |
| Specific heat of water ice | $c_{ice} = 0.5kcal/(kg \cdot K)$ |
| Latent heat of fusion for | $L_f = 80kcal/kg$ |
| water | |
| Latent heat of vaporiza- | $L_V = 540 keal/kg$ |
| tionfor water | |



A block is being held in place on an incline. The magnitude of the force applied by the hand on the block is the same in the left and the right scenarios.

1 pt In which scenario does the incline exert a lower normal force on the block?

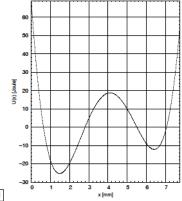
- B The right scenario.
- C Same in both scenarios.

I pt In which scenario does the incline exert a lower frictional force on the block?

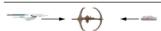
- B() The right scenario.
- C() Same in both scenarios.

I pt By how many decibels does the sound intensity from a point source decrease if you increase the distance to it by a factor 6?

| 3.A ① 12.2 | B 13.8 | C 15.6 | D() 17.6 |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| E() 19.9 | F() 22.5 | G() 25.4 | H() 28.7 |



A particle is located at x=2.0 mm and has a kinetic energy of 29.5 Joule. What is the maximum x-coordinate the particle could reach? (in mm)



Deep Space Nine sees Enterprise and a shuttle approach from exactly opposite directions with 0.8 c and 0.5 c, respectively. $[I\ pt]$ At what fraction of the speed of light (β) does Enterprise see the shuttle approach?

 \overline{I} pt The shuttle has a length of 9 meters when at rest. How long is it in the system of Deep Space 9? (in m)

1 pt Captain Picard on the Enterprise takes a 49 minute tea break. How long is this break in the system of Deep Space 9? (in min)

CODE - AACHDA

LB 271 - Introductory Physics Lecture

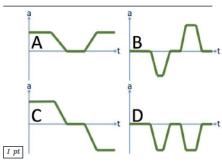
Version A

 $[I\ pt]$ You have two organ pipes of the same length, one closed at both ends, one half open. Which one has a lower fundamental frequency?

- 8. A O The closed pipe.
 - B() Same.
- C The half-open pipe.

 $[1\ pt]$ In a very simple model of the lower atmosphere, air has a constant density of 1.26 kg/m³. How much would the air pressure change over a height difference of 130 m? (in Pa)

- $\mathbf{9.A} \bigcirc \ 986 \quad \mathbf{B} \bigcirc \ 1110 \quad \mathbf{C} \bigcirc \ 1260 \quad \mathbf{D} \bigcirc \ 1420$
- EO 1610 FO 1820 GO 2050 HO 2320



A car drives in the forward (positive) direction. It first has a constant speed, then drives into a parking spot, waits for a few moments, and then drives out again backwards. Which one of the acceleration graphs could describe this scenario?

- 10. A O Scenario A
 - BO Scenario B
 - C Scenario C
 - D Scenario D
 - EO None of the above.

1 pt

A box is sliding uphill as shown. What is the direction of the frictional force on the box?

- 11. A O Downhill.
 - B Perpendicular to the surface.
 - C Uphill.
- D None of the above.



An object is rotating on a circular trajectory as shown. The indicated direction A is toward the center of the trajectory, C is tangential to the trajectory. The object is rotating clockwise and slowing down.

- 1 pt What could be the direction of the (linear) accelera-
- 12. A ODirection A.
- BO Direction B.
- C Direction C.
- DO Into the paper.
- E() Out of the paper.

1 pt What could be the direction of the angular accelera-

- 13. A Direction A.
- BO Direction B.
- C() Direction C.
- D Into the paper.
- E() Out of the paper.



You have two identical looking spools (same mass, same shape, same size). However, one is hollow, made from iron, the other is solid, made from aluminum. A string is wound around each spool. If you pull on both strings with equal forces, which spool is going to



have the larger angular acceleration?

- **14**. **A** Same
- BO The solid spool
- C The hollow spool

CODE - AAFIHH

LB 271 - Introductory Physics Lecture

Version A

Name:

LB271 Fall 2009 Final Exam Version A

| Gravitational Accellera- | $g = 9.81m/s^2$ |
|-----------------------------|--|
| tion on Earth | |
| Gravitational Constant | $G = 6.67 \cdot 10^{-11} m^3 / (kg \cdot 10^{-11} m^3 / (k$ |
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| | |
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| ter | $= 4186J/(kg \cdot K)$ |
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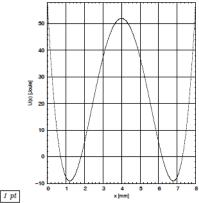
- - B() The right scenario.
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1 pt By how many decibels does the sound intensity from a point source decrease if you increase the distance to it by a factor 6?

| 3.A.() | 7.10 | $\mathbf{B}\bigcirc$ | 8.31 | $\mathbf{C}\bigcirc$ | 9.72 | $\mathbf{D}\bigcirc$ | 11.4 |
|--------------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------|------|
| \mathbf{E} | 13.3 | F() | 15.6 | $\mathbf{G}()$ | 18.2 | H() | 21.3 |



A particle is located at x=5.5 mm and has a kinetic energy of 9.8 Joule. What is the minimum x-coordinate the particle could reach? (in mm)



Deep Space Nine sees Enterprise and a shuttle approach from exactly opposite directions with 0.8 c and 0.4 c, respectively. 1 pt At what fraction of the speed of light (β) does Enterprise see the shuttle approach?

1 pt The shuttle has a length of 12 meters when at rest. How long is it in the system of Deep Space 9? (in m)

1 pt Captain Picard on the Enterprise takes a 35 minute tea break. How long is this break in the system of Deep Space

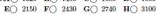
CODE - AAFIHH

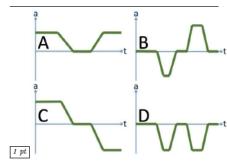
LB 271 - Introductory Physics Lecture

1 pt You have two organ pipes of the same length, one closed at both ends, one half open. Which one has a lower fundamental frequency?

- 8. A () Same.
 - B() The closed pipe.
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1 pt In a very simple model of the lower atmosphere, air has a constant density of 1.22 kg/m³. How much would the air pressure change over a height difference of 110 m? (in Pa)





A car drives in the forward (positive) direction. It first has a constant speed, then drives into a parking spot, waits for a few moments, and then drives out again backwards. Which one of the acceleration graphs could describe this scenario?

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 - B() Scenario B
 - C⊙ Scenario C
 - D() Scenario D E() None of the above.

A box is sliding uphill as shown. What is the direction of the frictional force on the box?

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- 1 pt What could be the direction of the angular accelera-
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- C Direction C.
- D Into the paper.
- E() Out of the paper.

1 pt

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have the larger angular acceleration?

- 14. A() The solid spool
 - BO The hollow spool
 - C Same

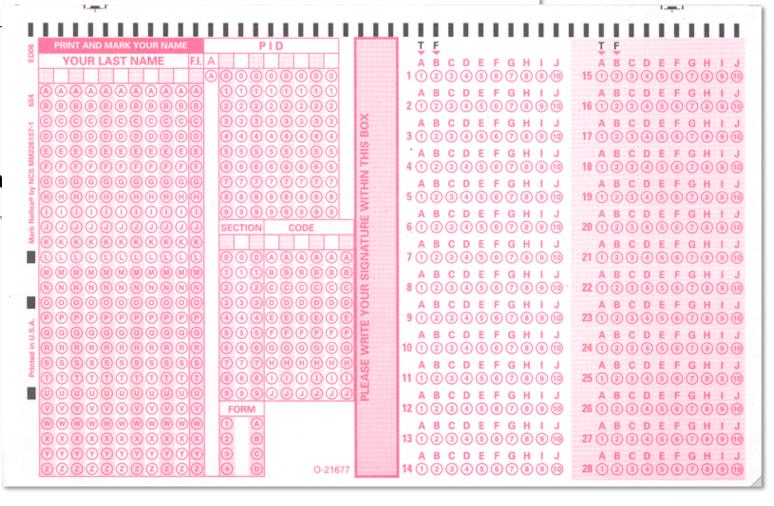
CODE - AACHDA

LB 271 - Introductory Physics Lecture

Version A

Name:

LB271 Fa

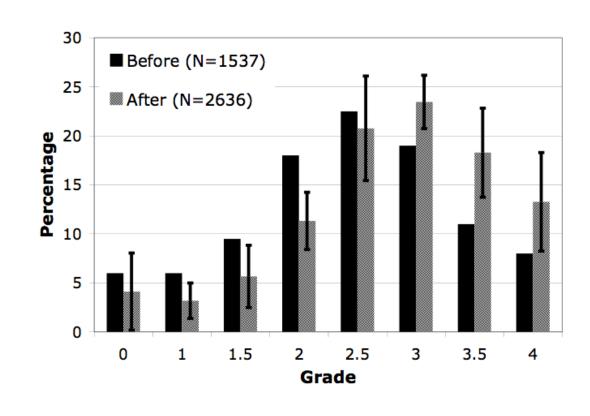


Before we go on ...

... does this even work?

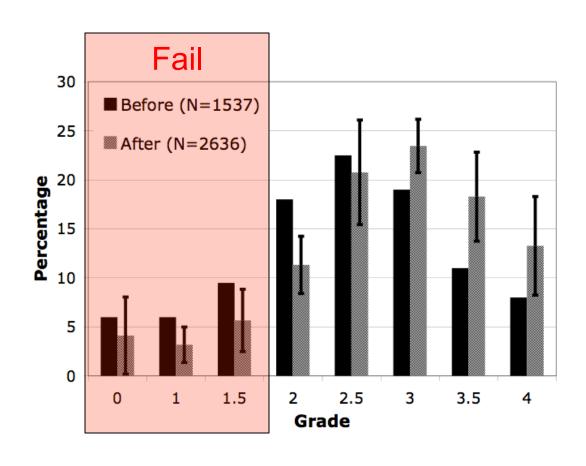
Learning Success

- Intro Physics for Scientists and Engineers
- Grades in years before and after online homework



Learning Success

Mostly helps students who are on the brink of failing the course.

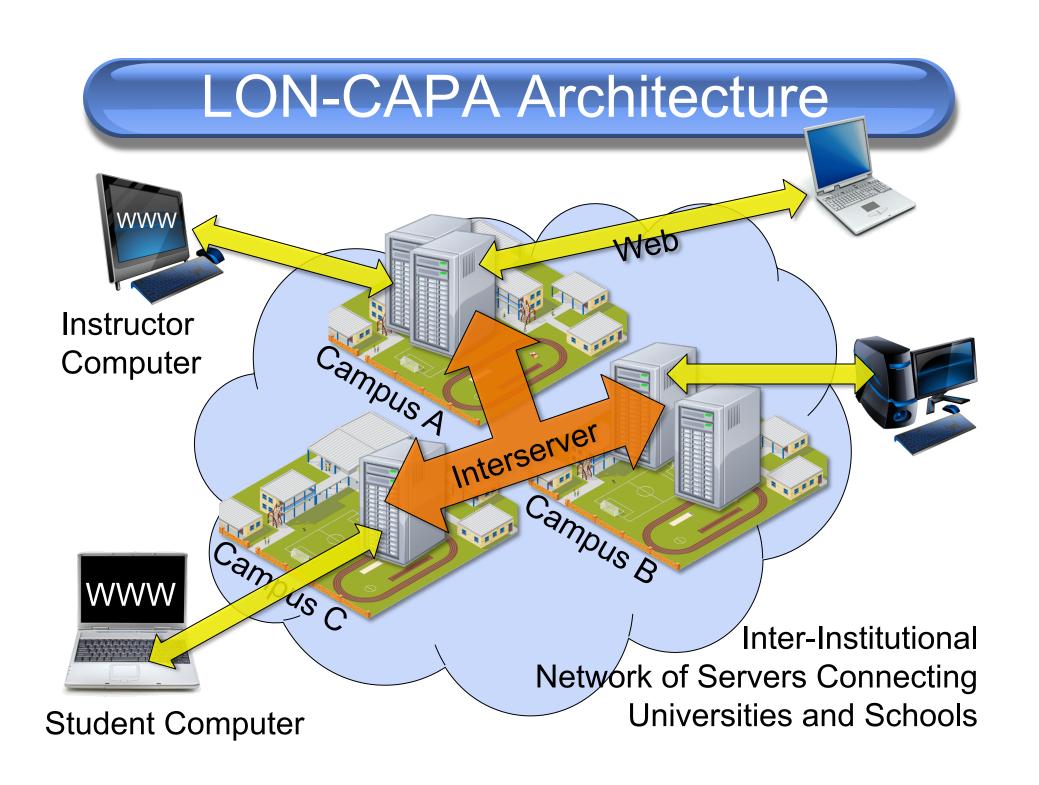


How is this realistically possible?

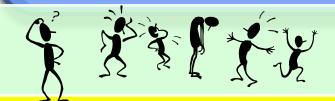
Sharing of Resources

- Creating online resources is a lot of work
- Doing so for use in just one course is a waste of time and effort
- Many resources could be used among a number of courses and across institutions





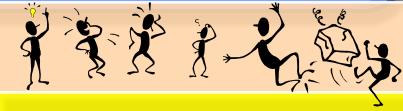
LON-CAPA Architecture



Course Management

Campus A

Resource Assembly



Course Management

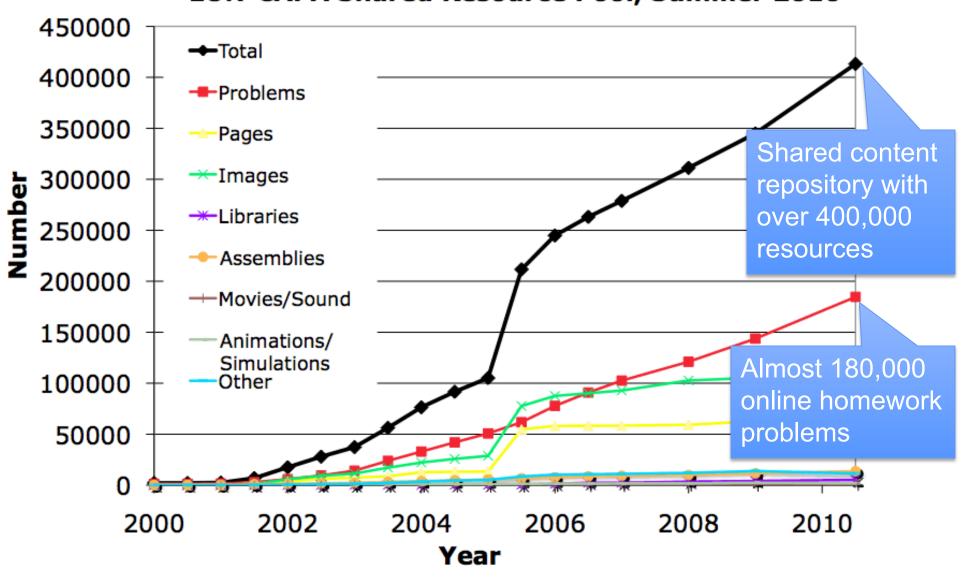
Campus B

Resource Assembly

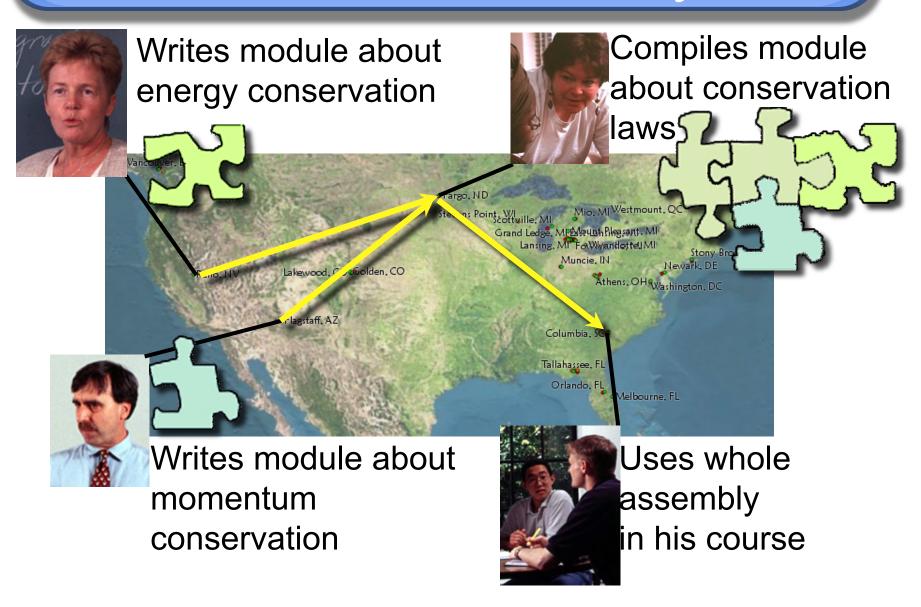
Shared Cross-Institutional Resource Library

The LON-CAPA Community

LON-CAPA Shared Resource Pool, Summer 2010



Resource Assembly



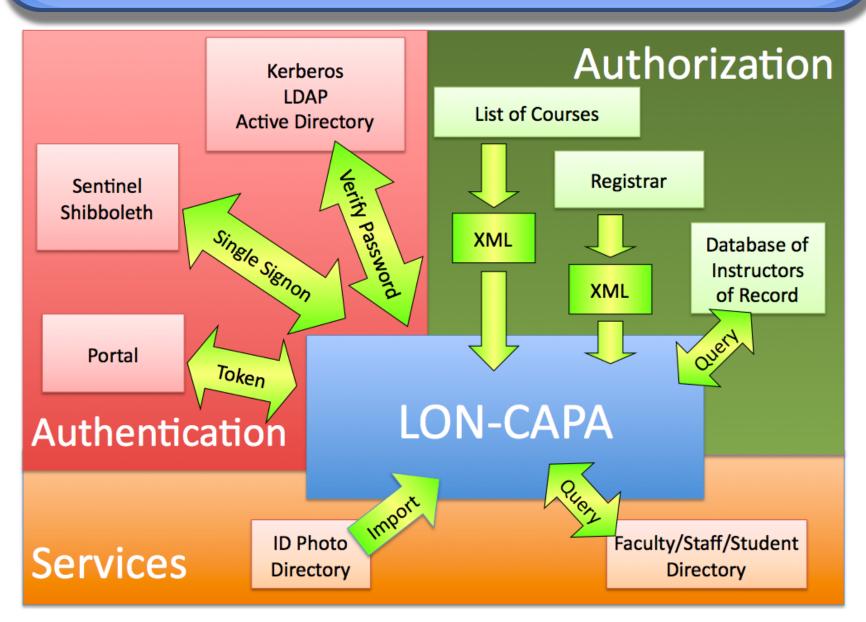
The LON-CAPA Community

High Schools, Colleges, and Universities



... plus grant projects and publishing companies.

Think Global, Act Local



Time to Login

Conference Server (Sandbox)

Has VCU content, but not connected to cluster.

non-VCU: lc.first part email

Password: lastname

https://lctestapp.vcu.edu/